Na	me:			Period:			
/_	What	The Articles of Confederation  To the right is a study guide of sorts, basically what will be on the test  Use pages 176-183 to complete the 7.1 Reading Guide  Which best describes the main idea of the heading Limits on Power on page 176.  A. State governments established constitutions rooted in colonial governments that usually divided power between governors, legislatures and houses of legislature  B. States created constitutions that gave most of the power to the national government.  C. States rarely established constitutions in the early United States. They relied on a governor who inherited his right to rule and ruled through strength.					
2.			e national government of the United through elected leaders.	d States was a in	they? -how did they divide power?		
	В.	Democracy Monarchy	C. Republic D. Aristocracy		Articles of Confederation -what?		
3.	A.	The Declaratio	u.S. constitution called and when on of Independence; 1776-Now ates Constitution; 1787-Now	C. The Articles of Confederation 1777-1787 D. The Mayflower Compact 1620	-features? -problems? Northwest		
4.	Usi •	ng the Articles of	of Confederation, list some ideas uners)	nder the appropriate bullet point.	Ordinance -what? -how did it organize states?		
	•	(weaknesses)			Shay's Rebellion -what? -causes?		
	•	(Problems pg 2	182)		-importance?		

- 5. Which statement about the U.S. organizing lands in the 1780's is the most accurate?
  - A. Territory west of the Appalachians was quickly made into states that allowed slavery
  - **B.** Land ordinances were passed that included selling land by the acre, outlawing slavery in new territories and a process for territories to became states
  - **C.** States passed land ordinances that recognized Native American claims to land west of the Appalachian Mountains
- 6. Describe the causes of Shay's Rebellion and the concerns it created (DO WITH 7.2 GUIDE) ...
  - Causes...
  - Concerns...



## The Constitutional Convention

- Complete the questions and notes below using pages 186-191
- To the right is a study guide of sorts, basically what will be on the test
- 1. During the 1780's slavery was...
  - A. Was beginning to fade away in New England and Middle States, but growing in the South
  - **B.** Was growing throughout the United States
  - **C.** Was made illegal throughout the United States
- 2. Where and when did the Constitutional Convention take place?

A. New York; 1787B. Philadelphia; 1787

C. Philadelphia; 1776

**D.** Boston; 1783

- **3.** Complete the bullet points below concerning the Constitutional Convention.
  - (when and where)
  - (two main delegates)
  - (List 4 groups that were concerned about power and representation in Congress)
- **4.** Use the t-Chart to compare the New Jersey and Virginia Plans, include ideas about representation, make-up of the legislature, and types of states that support it.

Virginia Plan

New Jersey Plan

- **5.** Describe how compromise was used to create the U.S. Constitution (190)
  - Great Compromise:
  - 3/5<sup>th</sup> Compromise:

Vocabulary And Key Terms

## compromise

Constitutional Convention

- -where?
- -when?
- -who?
- -what?
- -Purpose?

Virginia Plan

- -what?
- -who benefits?

New Jersey Plan -what?

-who benefits?

Great
Compromise
-what?
-House of
Representatives

-Senate

3/5ths
Compromise
-what?
-Why was it
part of the
Constitution?

## READING 7.3

## The Constitutional Convention

Vocabulary

**Key Terms** 

And

- Complete the questions and notes below using pages 194-199
- To the right is a study guide of sorts, basically what will be on the test

	To the right is a study guide of sortes, sustainly what will be on the test				
1.	Identify 2 European influences on the U.S. Constitution and briefly describe ideas they contributed to the Constitution (194-195).	Magna Carta English Bill of Rights			
		John Locke			
2.	Under the Constitution states gave up power so that the federal and state governemnts share power in an idea called (195)	Federalism -What is it? -How is power divided between states and federal			
	A. Checks and Balances C. Federalism	gov't?			
	B. Bill of Rights D. Legislature	Executive			
3. List powers delegated under federalism in the spaces below (196)					
State Governments:					
Sta	te and Federal Government:	college			
Federal Government:					
4.	Using "Government Branches" label the different branches of government and describe what each branch does.  LEGISLATIVE	-Powers  Judicial Branch -Powers			
		Checks and Balances -What is the idea?			
		Ratification of the Constitution -Federalists -Anti-			
5.	Write a statement in support of the Constitution. Include the name of the group supporting it, who fellow supporters are, and features of the Constitution that should make people happy. (pg	Federalists			
	198)				